B17019. POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS OF FAMILIES BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE BY

TENURE - Universe: FAMILIES

Data Set: 2004 American Community Survey

Survey: American Community Survey

NOTE. Data are limited to the household population and exclude the population living in institutions, college dormitories, and other group quarters. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see <u>Survey Methodology</u>.

« hide upper and lower bounds

	Alaska		
	Estimate	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Total:	156,309	152,873	159,745
Income in the last 12 months below poverty level:	8,624	7,547	9,701
Married-couple family:	3,461	2,304	4,618
Owner occupied	1,675	1,078	2,272
Renter occupied	1,786	1,048	2,524
Other families:	5,163	4,070	6,256
Male householder, no wife present:	1,317	466	2,168
Owner occupied	426	134	718
Renter occupied	891	107	1,675
Female householder, no husband present:	3,846	3,065	4,627
Owner occupied	834	395	1,273
Renter occupied	3,012	2,183	3,841
Income in the last 12 months at or above poverty level:	147,685	144,168	151,202
Married-couple family:	115,751	111,914	119,588
Owner occupied	91,383	86,908	95,858
Renter occupied	24,368	22,244	26,492
Other families:	31,934	29,456	34,412
Male householder, no wife present:	12,111	10,753	13,469
Owner occupied	8,169	7,039	9,299
Renter occupied	3,942	3,037	4,847
Female householder, no husband present:	19,823	17,904	21,742
Owner occupied	11,004	9,744	12,264
Renter occupied	8,819	7,469	10,169

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2004 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a confidence interval. The interval shown here is a 90 percent confidence interval. The stated range can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the lower and upper bounds contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The number of householders does not necessarily equal the number of households because of differences in the weighting schemes for the population and occupied housing units.

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An ** entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An *** entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that no sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the lower and upper bounds. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 3. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that no sample observations were available to compute an estimate.
- 4. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 6. An '***' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 7. An '*****' entry in the lower and upper bound columns indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

Standard Error/Variance documentation for this dataset: